DVORAK, B.

"Conditions in a restored fish pond in the first vegetative period.", p. 95, (SRONITK, Vol. 26, #1/2, Feb 1953, Czechoslovakia)

SO: Monthly Idst of East European Accessions, Vol. 2, #8, Library of Congress, August 1953, Uncl.

DVORAK, B.

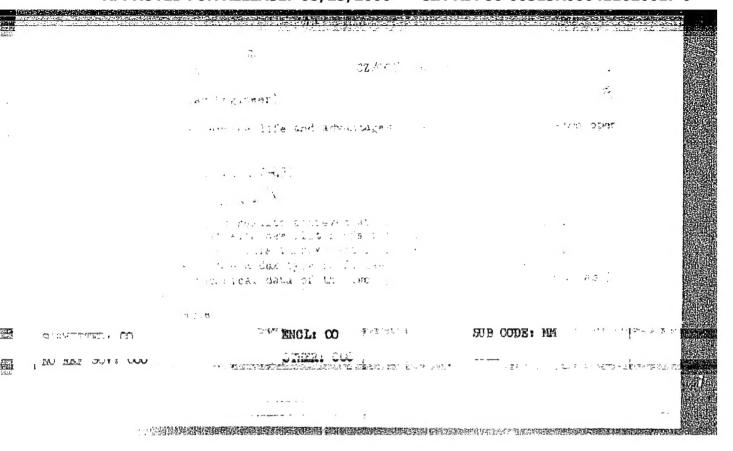
DVORAK, B. MUDr.

Successful organization of the fight against absenteeism for disease & injuries carried out by Prague physicians. Cesk. zdravot. 5 no.9: 523-526 Sept 57.

1. Vedouci oddeleni pece o pracujici, zdrav. odbor UNV n. m. Prahy.
(INDUSTRIAL HYGIZNE
absenteeism, prev. in Csech. (Cz))

STIKSA, J.; DVORAK, B.; PALEC, R.; SOUKUP, V.

Evaluation of working ability. Cesk. zdravot. 6 no.9:540-547 Sept 58.
(DISABILITY EVALUATION (Cz))



DVORAK, Bretislav, inz.

Conference on irrigation equipment and its operation. Vest ust zemedel 11 no.10:424-425 '64.

DVORAK, Bretislav, inz.

For the increase of soil fertility. Vest ust zemedel 12 no.2:49 165.

DVORAK, Bretislav, inz.

By the new technology to a better production economy. Vest ust zemedel 12 no.3:135 '65.

1. Administration of Scientific and Technical Development of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Resources, Prague.

DVORAK, Bretislav, inz.

Role of the establishments of Agricultural Research Institutes. Vest ust zemedel 12 no.4:149 '65.

Seminar on the effectiveness of large area irrigations. Ibid.: 161-163

Tasks of the research in the field of land improvement and irrigation in the coming years. Ibid::173-174

1. Administration of the Scientific and Technical Development of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Resources, Prague.

DVORAK, Dalibor, inz.

Special machines for blade production in the Zavody Jana Svermy Praha. Zpravodaj VZLU no.3:121-125 '63.

LAURENC, Vilem; SOCH, Karel; NECKAR, Ferdinand, inz., CSc.; ZAK, Vladimir, inz.; SLABA, Jaroslav, RNDr.; DVORAK, Dalibor, inz.; MASEK, Zdenek, inz.

Discussion. Pt.2. Zpravodaj VZLU no.3:173-176 *63.

DVORAK, Dusan

For maximum use of capital funds in chemical industries. Chem prum 13 no.1:1-2 Ja '63.

1. Ministerstvo chemickeho prumyslu.

DVORAK, Dusan

Considerations on the resolution of the 12th Congress of the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia. Chem prum 13 no.2:57-59 F 163.

1. Ministerstvo chemickeho prumyslu.

DVORAK, Eduard

Projektovani strojirenskych zarvodu. (Designing of Machinery Enterprises; a university textbook. 1st ed. illus., bibl.) For the students of the Faculty of Mechanical Engineering. Prague, SNTL, 1957. 122 p.

Bibliograficky katalog, CSR, Ceske knihy, No. 36. 15 Oct 57. p. 787.

DVORAK, E.; AND OTHERS

Notes on the Czechoslovak standard No. 38 3350 concerning heat supply. p. 323.

ENERGETIKA. Praha, Czechoslovakia. Vol. 9, No. 6, June 1959

Monthly list of East European Accessions. (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 10 Oct. 1959. Uncl.

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411620017-9

BLAZHEK, L. [Blazek, L.] (Chekhoslovakiya); DYORZAK, E. [Dvorak, E.] (Chekhoslovakiya); MYSHIK, S. [Mysik, S.] (Chekhoslovakiya)

Agglomeration of nutadiene-styrene latex particles by freezing. Partals Effect of the nature of emulsifier, pH of latex and temperature of freezing on the agglomeration of butadiene-styrene latexes. Koll.zmur. 26 no.62657-661 N-D 164 (MIRA 1821)

DVORAK, Eduard, inz.; RANDA, Frantisek, inz., arch.

System of individual buildings in machine factories. Tech praca 15 no.10:793-799 0 '63.

S/081/62/000/022/069/088 B166/B144

AUTHORS:

Lanicek, Dusan, Skrabal, Bernard, Dvorak, Emil

TITLE:

Emulsion polymerization of vinyl monomers and mixtures of

these in an acid medium

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 22, 1962, 519, abstract

22P290 (Czech. patent 97902, Jan. 15, 1961)

TEXT: Emulsion polymerization of butadiene, styrene, acrylonitrile, mixtures of these, or these monomers together with methacrylic acid, is carried out between -5 and +15°C (preferably +5°C) in the presence of a cation-active emulsifier or inorganic acid, organic acid (or a mixture of these) and suitable buffers. The redox initiatoror system consists of isopropyl benzene hydroperoxide, sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate (Rongalite C) and soluble Fe²⁺ salt. Apart from the fact that the initiators are readily available, the advantage of the method lies in a high degree of conversion being achieved in a short time and the consequent possibility of producing concentrated latexes directly in the reactor. Example. 100 parts by weight Card 1/2

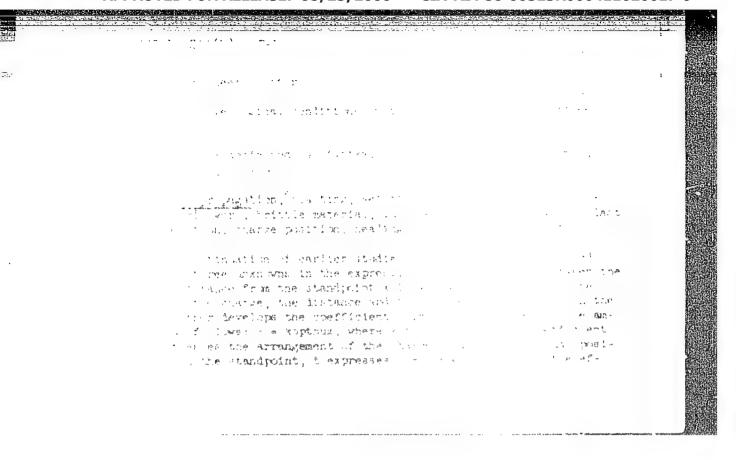
30

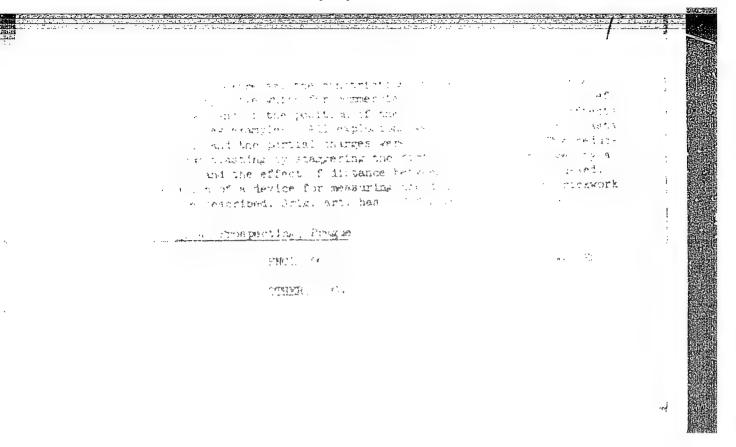
S/081/62/000/022/069/088 B166/B144

Emulsion polymerization of vinyl ...

styrene and 1.4 parts by weight methacrylic acid are polymerized at 5°C and pH 4 in the presence of 159 parts by weight water, 3.58 parts by weight sodium disopropyl naphthalene sulfonate, 0.08 parts by weight sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate, 0.008 parts by weight Fe²⁺ salt and 0.159 parts by weight disopropyl benzene hydroperoxide. In 3 hrs the conversion reaches 80%. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 2/2





CZECHOSLOVAKIA

DVORAK, Frantisek, Department of Botany of the J.E. Purkyne University (Katefra botaniky University J.E. Purkyne,) Brno.

"Hesperis pycnotricha Borb. et Deg. in Gzechoslovakia."

Bratislava, Biologia, Vol 18, No 7, 1963; pp 527-530.

Abstract: Brief description of a species of biannual plant which had heretofore not been known to grow in Slovakia, main habitat being Southern Russia. Map, 3 references: Czech, Hungarian, Soviet.

1/1

25

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411620017-9" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

JANDA, M.; DVORAK, F.; EXNER, O.

Chlormethylation in the thiophene group. Part 4: On the ≪-substituted 5-methylthiophene-2-carbonic acid and 5-methylpyromusic acid. Coll Cz Chem 27 no.5:1191-1198 My '62.

1. Institut fur organische Chemie, Technische Hochschule fur Chemie, Prag (for Janda and Dvorak). 2. Polarographisches Institut, Tschechoslowakische Akademie der Wissenschaften, Prag (for Exner).

DYCRAK, F.

Assembly of the Morava television transmitter. p.361

INZEMYRSKE STAVBY. (Ministerstvo stavebnictvi)
Praha, Czechoslovakia Vol. 7, no. 10, Oct. 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accession, (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 12, Dec. 1959 Uncl.

8/081/62/000/022/020/088 B144/B101

AUTHORS:

Janda, M., Dvořák, F.

TITLE:

Chloromethylation in the thiophene series. III. Synthesis

and chloromethylation of 2-propynyl thiophene

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 22, 1962, 199-200, abstract 22Zh163 (Collect. Czechosl. Chem. Communs, v. 27,

no. 2, 1962, 372-376 [Germ.; summary in Russ.])

TEXT: A new method is described for synthesising 2-propynyl thiophene (I) which is an intermediate product in the synthesis of the antibiotic Unipal, 5-propynyl thiophene-2-aldehyde. The chloromethylation of I is studied. The solution of 0.54 mole 2-propionyl thiophene (II) in 150 ml absolute ether is added dropwise within 20 min to a stirred suspension of 0.24 mole LiAlH₄ in 400 ml ether, the mixture is boiled for 5 hrs, after which 9 ml water, 9 ml 15% NaOH solution, and 27 ml water are successively added and it is stirred for 10 min, the precipitated salt is separated and after removal of the ether 1-(thienyl-2)-propanol-1, C₇H₁₀OS (III) is ob-

Card 1/4

Chloromethylation in the thiophene ...

\$/081/62/000/022/020/088

tained; yield 95%, b.p. 102-103°C/10 mm Hg. III in the form of K alcoholate is converted to the xanthate (IV), working successively with equimolar CS2 volumes and, after stirring for 10 hrs (20°C), with CH3I. decomposed by column distillation at a bath temperature of 150-200°C, from the distillate 2-propenyl thiophene, C7H8S (V), is separated by distillation; yield 81%, b.p. 63° C/14 mm Hg. V is converted by the action of the equimolar Br₂ quantity in CCl₄ at 80° C into 2-(α , β -dibromo-propyl) thiophene (VI). Nonpurified VI (0.14 mole) is added dropwise to tert-C4H9OK (from 0.54 mole tert-C4H90H and 0.27 mole K in 150 ml toluene), the mixture is boiled for 20 hrs, when tert-C4H9OH is distilled-off, decomposed by cold water and I is separated; yield 72.7%, b.p. 120-122°C/15 mm Hg, n_D 20.5 1.5879. When VI is dehydrobromated with powdered KOH in tetrahydrofuran, 2-bromopropenyl thiophene of undetermined structure, C7H7BrS (VII) is obtained; yield 39.4%, b.p. $128-130^{\circ}$ C/33 mm Hg, n_D^{20} 1.6010. Owing to the action of

Card 2/4

Chloromethylation in the thiophene ...

S/081/62/000/022/020/088 B144/B101

tert-C₄H₉OK, VII is converted to I with a yield of 55.3%. By interaction of 0.04 mole I with 0.12 mole 40% formalin and 20 ml 37% HCl (3 hrs, 50-60°C, stirring) 5-chloromethyl-2-propiothienone, C₈H₉ClOS (VIII) is obtained; yield 47%, b.p. 125°C/0.5 mm Hg. By oxidation with Pb(NO₃)₂ VIII is converted to 5-propionyl-2-thiophene aldehyde (IX), b.p. 87-89°C/1 mm Hg; 2,4-dinitro phenyl hydrazone, C₁₄H₁₂N₄O₅S, m.p. 199-201°C (from alcohol). IX also can be obtained, by treating VIII according to Sommelet (boiling with urotropin in CHCl₃ and subsequent hydrolysis). When 18.6 g II is chloromethylated in aqueous medium analogously to I, 2-propionyl 5-hydroxy methyl thiophene, C₈H₁₀O₂S, is obtained; yield 5.2 g, b.p. 134°C/0.4 mm Hg, m.p. 124°C (from ether and water). When 0.16 mole II are brought into reaction with 7.1 g paraform and 5.4 g anhydrous ZnCl₂ in 80 ml CHCl₃ (25-30°C, 3 hrs flow of dry HCl gas), VIII is obtained with a yield of 34.2%. The structure of VIII and IX is identified by oxidizing VIII with dilute HNO₃ to thiophene-2,5-Card 3/4

Chloromethylation in the thiophene ...

S/081/62/000/022/020/088 B144/B101

dicarboxylic acid, yield 87%; and to dimethyl ester, m.p. 147-148°C (from CH₃OH). VIII obtained from II is oxidized with Pb(NO₃)₂ to IX, C₈H₈O₂S, yield 59.4%, b.p. 76°C/O.6 mm Hg. By 2 hrs boiling with 3.3 g Pb(NO₃)₂ in 25 ml water, 1.2 g I is converted to II, yield 51%, b.p. 88-90°C/8 mm Hg; and to dinitrophenyl hydrazone, C₁₃H₁₂N₄O₄S, m.p. 205-206°C (from alcohol). Communication II: see RZhKhim, 1962, 5Zh239. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 4/4

DVORZHAK, Frantishek [Dvorak, Frantisek], inzh.

Czechoslovak research in the field of commutation of d.c. machines. Inv. vys. uch. may; elektrometh. 5 no.3:937-013-162. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut elektrotekhniki v Bukhovitse, Chekhoslovakiya. (Czechoslovakia—Electric machinery—Direct current)

Z/006/60/000/018/001/001 D006/D102

AUTHOR:

Dvořák, František

TITLE:

Cand 1/2

A tower above the countryside

PERIODICAL: Technické noviny, no. 18, 1960, 6

TEXT: The Jižní Čechy (South Bohemia) TV relay station was built 20 m below the summit of Klet Mountain (1,080 m above sea level) near Holubov. According to information furnished by Architect Jan Šesták of the odbor výstavby KNV (Construction Department, KNV) in České Budějovice, construction of the relay station started in April 1958 and was completed on May 1, 1959. The antenna tower is 116.5 m high, 14.5 m wide at the base, and 2.5 m wide at the top, and was produced by the Vítkovické železárny (Vítkovice Iron Works). The control cabin is located at a height of 30 m. Electric power is supplied from Třísov through a 6.5-km long, high-voltage overhead line and a 500-m underground cable. Water is pumped from a reservoir located 1 km from the station, 80 m below the summit of Klet Mountain. A 1,750-m long chair-lift, with 23 masts of seamless

Z/006/60/000/018/001/001 D006/D102

A tower above the countryside

steel tubes, will be built from Krasetín to the station to provide transportation for station personnel who reside in Holubov. The equipment for the chair-lift will be produced by the národní podnik Transporta (Transporta National Enterprise) in Chrudim and the Vodní Stavby (Hydraulic Construction Enterprise) in Sezimovo Ústí will be in charge of the construction work. Construction of a 3.5-km long road has already started from the Holubov railroad station to the chair-lift station. Currently, a small observatory is being built on top of Klet Mountain by workers of the České Budějovice Observatory. There are 3 figures.

Card 2/2

DVORAK, F.

Assembling of the Moravia television transmitter. (Conclusion) p. 417

INZENYRSKE STAVBY. (Ministerstvo stavebnictvi) Praha, Czechoslovakia. Vol. 7, no. 11, Nov. 1959

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, vol. 9, no.1, Jan. 1960

Uncl.

PROKOP, J., inz.; DVORAK, P., inz.

Properties of Czechoslovak kaolins used for coating mixtures. Shor cel pap no.7:229-244 *62.

PROKOP, Jiri, inz.; JASA, Jaroslav; DVORAK, Frantisek, inz.

Use of domestic butadiene-styrene lattices for surface finishing of paper. Papir a celulosa 18 no. 12: 246-249 '63.

- 1. Vyzkumny ustav papiru a celulosy, pracoviste Praha (for Prokop and Jasa).
- 2. Ministerstvo chemickeho prumyslu (for Dvorak).

SILENY, Karel; DVORAK, Frantisek; SHANEL, Jan

Organization of the joinery production in Suchdol nad Luznici. Drevo 18 no.8:301-305 Ag *63.

1. Jihoceske drevarske zavody, n.p., Ceske Budejovice.

DVORAK, Frantisek

Electrolytic fluorination of organic substances in anhydrous hydrogen fluoride. Chem listy 59 no.6:698-716 Je 165.

1. Chair of Organic Chemistry of Higher School of Chemical Technology, Prague.

Problem of prevention of atelectasis. Bratisl. lek. listy 34 no.2: 186-189 F '54.

1. Z Chirurgickej kliniky LFSU v Kosiciach, prednosta prof. dr. J.Knazovicky.

(ATELECTASIS.

*postop., prev.)
(LUNGS. surgery.

*postop. atelectasis, prev.)

DVORAK, F.

Malignant pheochromoblastoma. Bratisl. lek. listy 34 no.4:420-425 Ap 154.

1. Z Chirurgickej kliniky LFSU v Kosicach, prednosta prof. dr.
J.Knazovicky.
(PARAGANGLIOMA,
*breast)
(BREAST, neoplasms,
*paraganglioma)

DVCRAK, Frantisek, inz.

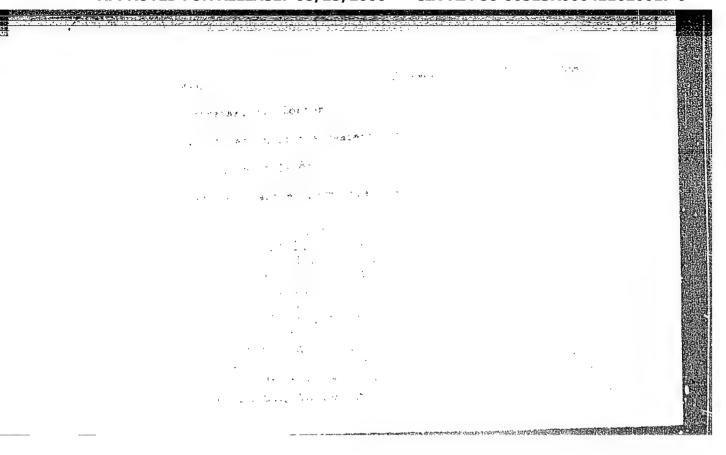
Building apartments houses in the form of hollow cylinders. Inz stavby 12 no.11:518-519 N '64.

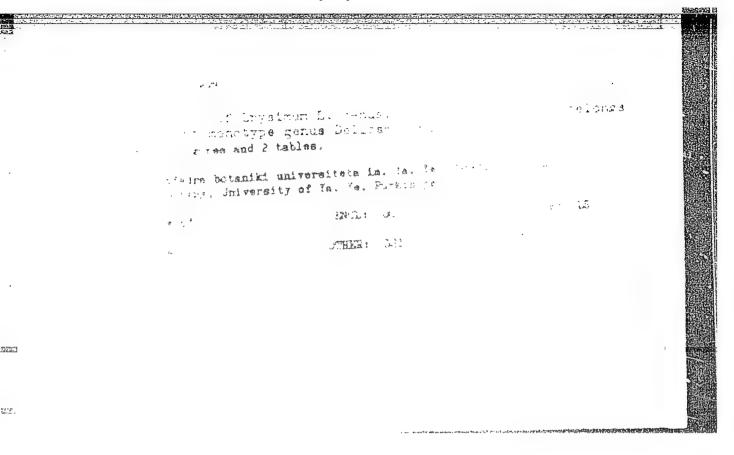
DVORAK, F., inz.

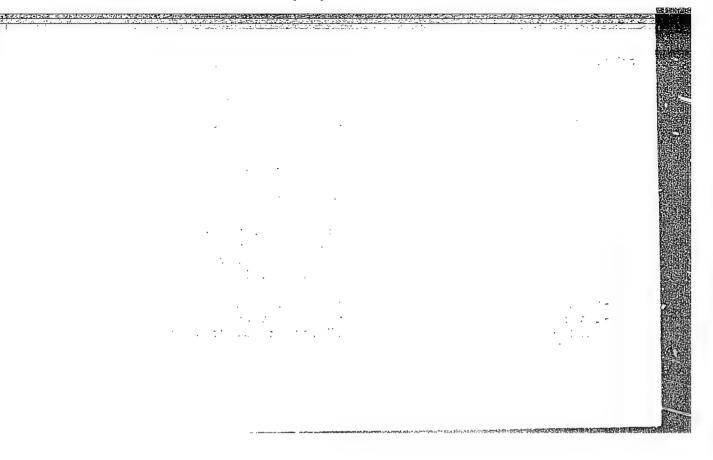
Pipe cleaner. Vodni hosp 14 no.2:3 of cover '64.

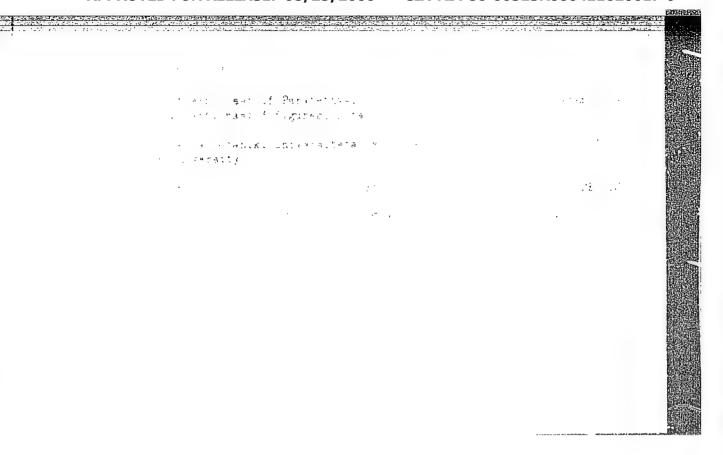
DVORAK, F., 1nz.

Saventy-fifth birthday of Bohumil Silny. Vodni hosp 14 no.12:444 '64.









DVORAK, Frantisek

The karyotype Deilosma tristis (L.) Spach. Biologia (Bratisl) 20 no.7:546-547 '65.

1. Botany Department, J.E. Purkyne University, Brno.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411620017-9

L 9772-66 SOURCE CODE: CZ/0049/65/000/002/0085/0089 ACC NRI APGOOTIES AUTHOR: Dvorak, Frantisek-Dvorzhak, Frantishsk (Doctor) ORG: Botanical Faculty. University of J. E. Purkyne. Brno TITIE: Nectaires of Deilosma Tristis (L.) Spach SOURCE: Biologia, no. 2, 1965, 85-89 TOPIC TAGS: plant morphology, plant physiology ABSTRACT: Comparison of the monotype genus Deilosma with the closely related genus Hesperis shows that the Hesperis does not have any median nectaries, and the side ridges are only slightly indicated. Therefore, the high percentage of the plants Deilosma Tristis (L.) Spach possessing median nectaries indicates that this is the older genus. The presence of nectaries, together with other morphological characters, is enough to differentiate between the gemus Deilossa and Hesperis. Orig. art. has: 1 figure, 2 tables. JPRS OTH REF: SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF:

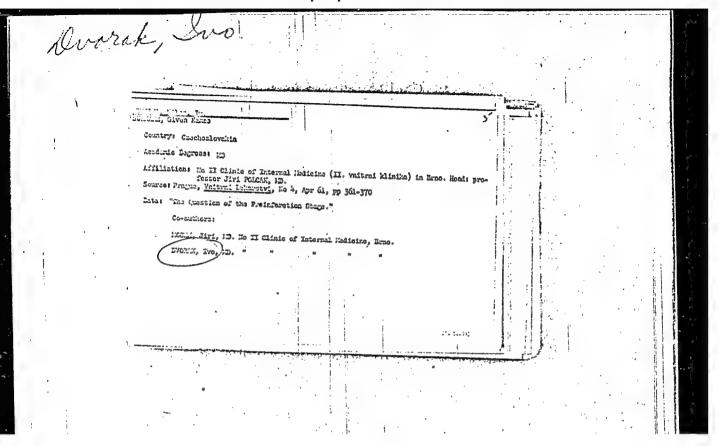
CZECHOSLOVAKIA

DVORAK, F; DEDEK, V

Institute of Organic Chemistry, Technical Institute of Chemistry (Institut fur organische Chemie, Technische Hochschule fur Chemie), Prague _ (for both)

Prague, Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications, No 7, July 1966, pp 2727-2736

"Electrofluorination of fluorides of chloro-acetic acid."



STUJFA, H., JT; MOCAE, J; DVORAK, I.

Geoond Internal Medicine Clinic of the Medical Faculty of UNER (II. whitrmi klinika lekarske fakulty UNER) Erro (for all)

Prague, Voltrai Lekaratvi, Bo 9, 1964, pp 664-868

"The Syndrome of Aggravating Angina Pectoris."

MOCEK, Jiri; STEFFA, Milos, ml.; DVORAK, Ivo

Pathological and anatomical aspects of the ischemic cardisc pain in intermediate coronary syndrome. Vnitrni lek. ll no.12:1152-1157 D '65.

1. II. vnitrni klinika lekarske fakulty University J.E. Purkyne v Brne (prednosta - prof. Dr. Jiri Polcak).

DVORAK, J.; MATYSKA, B.

 \hat{i}

Thermal destruction of polychloroprene. Coll Cz Chem 28 no.9:2387-2392 S '63.

1. Department of Physical Chemistry, Charles University, Prague, and Institute of Physical Chemistry, Czechlslovak Academy of Sciences, Prague.

ARIENT, J.; DVORAK, J.; SNOBL, D.; HAVLICKOVA, L.

Imidazole dyes. Pts. 10-11. Coll Cz Chem 28 no.9:2479-2490, 2534-2536 S '63.

1. Forschungsinstitut für organische Synthesen, Pardubice-Rybitvi.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

DYORAK, J.; JAMBOR, V.; Chair of Distotic Hutrition and Fodder, Veterinary Faculty, College of Agriculture (VSZ, Veterinarni Fakulta, Katodra Vyzivy, Dietetiky a Picninarstvi), Brno.

"Biological Evaluation of Fodder Root Crops."

Prague, Veterinarni Medicina, Vol 11, No 10, Oct 66, pp 613-620

Abstract /Authors' English summary modified 7: Losses of vitamin C in fodder prepared from potatoes and beet were investigated. At harvest potatoes contain 17.05 mg%, and beet 10.88 mg% of vitamin C. During storage up to 78% may be decomposed in potatoes, and 70% in beet. Frost causes a loss of 7.6% in potatoes, and 10.8% in be t. Combined loss due to frost and rot damage may destroy up to 94% of the vitamin in beet. Cooking of potatoes destroys 16-20%, and of beet 60% when fresh; in stored beet the loss may amount to 90%. Conservation methods serving to maximize the amount of vitamin C in the fodder are discussed. 2 Figures, 2 Western, 5 Czech references. (Manuscript received 28 Feb 66).

ARIENT, Josef; DVORAK, Jan; KCKES, Petr

Oxidation of naphthoylene-bis-benzimidazoles. Chem prum 13 no.5:245-246 My '63.

1. Vyzkumny ustav organickych syntez, Pardubice - Rybitvi.

DVORAK, Jan

Fine machining on planing machines replaces grinding. Stroj vyr 11 no. 12: 603-606 163.

1. Zavody V.I. Lenina, n.p., Plzen.

/4. TO 157

ACCESSION NR: AP4022221

z/0041/64/000/002/0160/0171

AUTHOR: Dvorak, Jan (Dvorzhak, Yan) (Engineer, Candidate of technical sciences)

TITIE: Bonding of a circular orthotropic loosely supported plate

SCURCE: Strojnicky casopis, no. 2, 1964, 160-171

TOPIC TAGS: stress, strain, Agasticity, deformation, orthotropy, Kirchhoff law, Poisson ratio, Mohr circle, Fourier series, Euler equation, Hooke law

ABSTRACT: The author gives an approximate solution of the stress and strain in a circular square-orothotropic plate loosely supported over the circumference and loaded by a transverse uniformly distributed load. The substance of the calculation is that the solution is assumed to be in the form of the sum of two functions w₁ and w₂. The function w₁ satisfies all random conditions but the moment condition at the edges of the plate, and w₂ is a correcting function by means of which the resulting solution also satisfies the random moment condition. It is presented in the form of an infinite series, and only the first two terms of that series are used in the calculation. The theoretical solution is accomplished by the results of numerical calculations and by graphs of the radial and

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4022221

circumferential moments for three values of the central angle and for the solution with and without correction. Orig. art. has: 60 formulas. 3 figures. and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Statni vyzkumny ustav tepelne techniky, Prague (State Research Institute of Thermal Engineering).

SUBMITTED 15Mar63

DATE AÇQ: 08Apr64

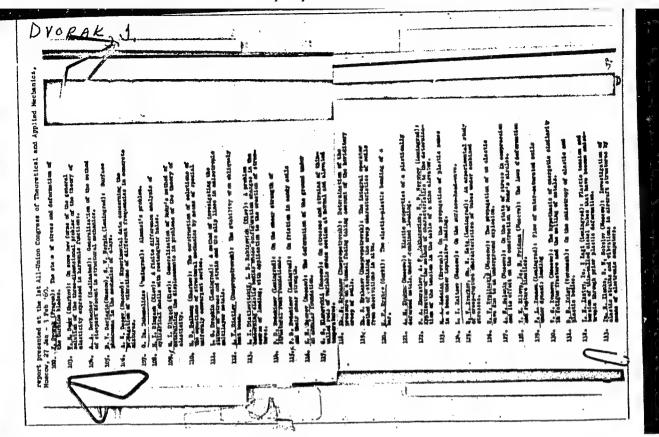
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Card 2/2



DVORAK, J.

"Semicircular plate in an elestic and plastic condition"

Aplikace Matematiky. Praha, Czechoslovakia. Vol. 4, no. 1, 1959

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 7, July 59, Unclas

DVORAK, J.

Coatings based on water soluble resins. Jemna mech opt 7 no.10:324 0 162.

DVORAK, Jiri

Methods ofwage fund revision in case the number of employees does not correspond to the plan. Prace mzda ll no.10:444-450 0 '63.

CHALOUPKA, Vojtech; DVORAK, Jan; ins.

The 5,5 MHz transmitter, type UVR BD 8 W. Geol pruzkum 6 no.2:58-59 F*64

1. Ustav pro vyskum rud, Praha.

24286

11800

Z/032/61/011/008/005/009 E073/E535

AUTHORS:

Sýkorová, V., Dvořák, J., Průšek, J. and Vychytil, P.

TITLE:

Continuous anodic oxidation of aluminium conductors

PERIODICAL: Strojírenství, 1961, Vol.11, No.8, p.634

A technology of continuous oxidation of aluminium conductors was developed in which a superimposed current is applied at a current density of about 150 A/dm2. Within 15 sec an oxide layer about 8μ thick forms which fully satisfies electrical requirements. The use of the extremely high current densities was made possible by feeding in the current through a liquid and using a special cooling system. The quality of the oxide layer is monitored by an automatic unit. A three-pole optical and sound signalling system gives information to the attending personnel on the state of the process. The oxide layers can withstand temperatures up to 300°C so that they form an insulation of the highest thermal class. In contrast to organic insulating materials, these layers also have a high resistance to high energy radiation in atomic reactors, accelerators etc. The breakdown Card 1/2

Continuous anodic oxidation ...

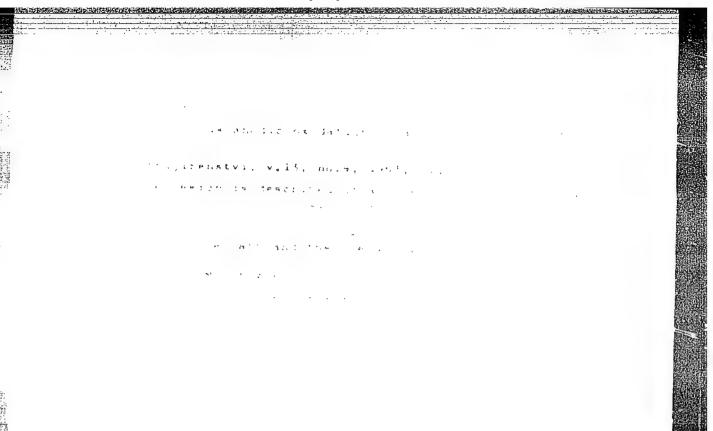
24286 Z/032/61/011/008/005/009 E073/E535

voltage of an 8 μ layer is about 200 V r.m.s. and can be doubled by impregnation. The thus insulated conductors can be wound by conventional methods with a minimum curvature of eight times the wire diameter. These aluminium conductors enable increasing the thermal class of the windings and reducing the total weight of electrical machinery; pilot plant manufacture of these conductors has commenced.

1960, Prague: SVÚOM 45/60

Abstractor's Note: Complete translation.

Card 2/2



DVORAK, J.

"Calculating stress and deformations in spiral casings of hydraulic machines." $\,p_{\bullet}\,\,170_{\,\bullet}$

STROJIRENSTVI. (Ministerstvo tezkeho strojirenstvi, Ministerstvo presneho strojirenstvi a Ministerstvo automobiloveho prumyslu a zemedelskych stroju). Praha, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 9, No. 3, Mar. 1959.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 8, Uncla.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

DVORAK, J., Chair of Foods, Dietetics and Technical Zoology of the Veterinary Faculty of the University for Agriculture at Brno, Head Asst. Prof. J. Kabrt (Z katedry vyzivy, dietetiky a zootechniky veterinarni fakulty VSZ v Brne, prednosta doc. dr. J. Kabrt).

"The influence of Antibiotics in the Fodder Upon the Meta-

Prague, Voterinarni Medicina, Vol. 8, No. 1, Jan. 63, pp

Abstract [Author's English summary modified]: Chlorotetracycline and 1-escorbic acid were used in experiments. Antibictics increased utilization of forage and gain in weight. We sign of deficiency of vitamin C was found when ascorbic acid was not added to fodder. Antibiotics did not increase the convent of vitamin C in the blood serum. No references.

- END -

THE THE PROPERTY

DVORAK, J.; TRUPLOVA, E.

Determination of sodium in the presence of titanium by flame photometers. Coll Cz Chem 28 no.6:1609-1612 Je '63.

1. Forschungsinstitut fur anorganische Chemie, Usti nad Labem.

DVORAK, JAR. (Prague)

"Determination of the state of stress near a cross-shaped crack".

report presented at the 2nd All-Union Congress on Theoretical and Applied Mechanics, Moscow, 29 January - 5 February 1964

DVORAK, J.

Tasks of machine-tractor stations in 1955. p. 1. MECHANISACE ZEMEDELSTVI. Vol. 5, No. 1, Jan. 1955

SO: Monthly East European Accession, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4, No. 9, Sept. 1955 Uncl.

DVORAK, J.; VAGENKNECHT, J.

Let us handle fruit tree sprayers carefully. p. 29. MECHANISACE ZEMEDELSTVI. Vol. 5, No. 2, Jan. 1955

SO: Monthly East European Accession , (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4, No. 9, Sept. 1955 Uncl.

DVORAK, J.

Successful mastering of the spring work, prerequisite for a high yield per hectare.

p. 41 Vol. 6, no. 3, Feb. 1956 MECHANISACE ZEMEDELSTVI Praha

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL), LC, Vol. 5, no. 12

DVORAK, J.

"Activities of the State Testing Station for Agricultural Machinery lead to greater efficiency in the production of agricultural machinery."

p. 21 (Zemelske Stroje, Vol. 3, no. 1, Jan. 1958, Praha, Czechoslovakia)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) IC, Vol. 7, no. 9, September 1958

DIORAF, J.

"Introduction of new machines into agricultural production, an important factor in the growth of labor productivity and in the reduction of production cost."

SBORNIK. RADA ZEZEDELSKA EKONOMIKA. Praha, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 32, No. 6, June 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 9, September 1959. Unclassified.

L 41519-65 ARG/EZO-2/DRG(1)/EZT(d)/FBD/FSS-2/EZG(r)/EZT(1)/FBO/EJF(c)/EZG(z)/EZG(z)/FBC(z)/FBC(z)/FB

1. 41519-65 ANNO15110

Ruml, Vladimir, (Candidate of Medical Sciences, Doctor); Sadil, Josef, (Doctor of Physiological Sciences); Schnal, Ladislay; Stverak, Jiri, (Doctor); Svestka, Zdenek, (Doctor); Tuma, Jaroslay, (Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Doctor); Tysl, Vaclay, (Docent, Engineer); Dehla, Ivan, (Candidate of Technical Sciences, Professor, Doctor); Valnicek, Eoris, (Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Doctor); Vanysek, Vladimir, (Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Doctor); Vlacak, Marian, (Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences; Doctor); Voda, Miloslay, (Engineer)

Principles of astronauties (Zaklady kosmonautiky) Prague, Orbis, 1964. 445 p. 11lus., biblio. 5000 copies printed.

TOPIC TAGS: cosmonautics, rocket, satellite, space flight, missile

•PURPOSE AND COVERAGE: This publication is a popular scientific reference book for people working in communities. The book presents a survey of communities and space flight up to 1 June 1963.

- TABLE OF CONTENTS:

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Internal Medicine

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

FRANK, Zdenek; STVERAL, Jiri; DVORAK, Josef: Institute of Aeronautical Medicine (Ustav Leteckeho Zdravotnictvi), Prague.

"Radio Waves Another Scourge of Civilization."

Prague, Radar, Vol 1, No 3, Nov 66, pp 56 - 58

Abstract: Factors influencing the medium in which people are living are discussed. Radio waves are defined as waves with frequencies between 100 kilocycles and 3,000,000 kilocycles, that is waves 1 cm to 3,000 meters long. Although these waves do not affect the senses of the body, they do have an influence on it. Thermal and non-thermal effects of the radio waves on the human organism are described. Clinical aspects of these effects are evaluated. Some of these effects are described in detail. Protection against the influence of electromagnetic fields is discussed; some peculiar effects of these fields on human beings are described. Biological effects of radio waves are discussed. I Table, no references.

1/1

SVOBODA, Jaroslav; HREEK, Antonin; KADIEC, Jiri; DVORAK, Jiri

Preparatory precision casting of metallic molds into a prehardened mixture. Slevarenstvi 10 no.8:308-311 Ag 162.

1. Ceskomoravska-Kelben-Darek Praha, Slevarny.

DVORAK, J.

Mechanical tests in laboratories, guarantes of the quality of material. p. 217. TEXTIL. (Ministerstvo lehkeho prumyslu) Praha. Vol. ?, no. ?, July 1954.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List, Vol. 5, no. 9, September 1956

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000411620017-9

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Solution of topical tasks in the cotton industry. p. 55.

TEXTIL. (Ministerstvo lehkeho prumyslu) Praha, Czechoslovakia. Vol. 11, no. 2, Feb. 1959.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (KEAI), LC, Vol. 8, no. 10, Oct. 1959. Uncl.

DVORZHAK, I.

ARAKhum stitcher for nonwoven materials. Tekst.prom. 19 no.12:75-76 D 159. (MIRA 13:3)

1. Wauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut trikotazhnoy promyshlennosti v g.Brno. (Czechoslovakia--Textile machinery)

DVORAK, J.

Present state of knitting techniques abroad. p. 91.

TEXTIL. (Ministerstvo lehkeho prumyslu) Praha, Czechoslovakia. Vol. 14, no. 3, March 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 11, November 1959.

Uncl.

CESCHOSLOVARIA

VACIK, J.; INORAE, J.

Institute of Physical Chemistry, Karleva University, Prague (for both)

Prague, Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications, No 2, Feb 1966, pp 863-870

"Effect of the inhomogeneity of the electric field on the shape of the mones in paper electrophoresis."

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

ARIENT, J; DVORAK, J; NEPRAS, M; KOKES, P.

Research Institute for Organic Synthesis, Pardubice-Rybitvi - (for all).

Prague, Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications, No 11, November 1965, pp 3718-3729.

"Imidazol dyes. Part 15: Presentation of arolylenimidazol dyes and the influence of substitution on their coloring properties."

(4)

1. 12956-66

ACC NRI AP6005663

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0079/65/007/002/0174/0175

AUTHOR: Formanek, J.; Dvorak, J.

ORG: Research Institute of Post and Telecommunications, Prague

TITLE: Subjective and electroencephalographic responses to weak intermittent optic stimuli [This paper was presented at the Third Interdisciplinary Conference on Experimental and Clinical Study of Higher Nervous Functions held in Marianske Lazne

SOURCE: Activitas nervosa superior, v. 7, no. 2, 1965, 174-175

TOPIC TAGS: EEG, light biologic effect

ABSTRACT: The authors proved experimentally that weak intermittent optical stimuli caused EEG reactions; the reactions were not caused by undesirable electrical couplings. They have a specific frequency, and are not caused by broad band

SUB CODE: 06, 05 / SUBM DATE: none

Card 1/1 H()

DVORAK, J.; OTCHNASEK, M.

Adiaspiromycosis. Cesk. epidem. 14 no.1:65-68 Ja *65

1. Parazitologicky ustav Ceskoslovenskej akademie ved,

DVORAK, J.; BURIAN, J.; BURDA, H.

Multiple diverticulosis of the jejunum. Cesk. radiol. 18 no.6:407-411 N 164.

1. Rentgenologicky ustav (prednosta doc. dr. J. Doubravsky, CSc.), II. chirurgicka klinika (prednosta doc. dr. J. Purian) lekarske fakulty Palackeho University v Olomouci.

FORMANEK, J.; DVORAK, J.

Subjective and electroencephalographic responses to weak interm thent optic stimuli. Activ. nerv. sup. (Praha) 7 no.2: 174-175 165

- 1. Research Institute of Post & Telecommunications, Prague.
- 2. J. Formanek's address: Praha, Kovrova 2.

MANN, Miroslav; DVORAK, Jan ...

Our experience with the use of knit reinforcing mesh in operations for hernias of the anterior abdominal wall. Rozhl. chir. 41 no.2: 143-146 F 162.

1. Chir. odd. nemocnice v N. Meste na Mor., prednosta MUDr. M. Mann Vyzkumny ustav pletarsky v Brne, reditel B. Piller.

(HERNIA VENTRAL surg)

DVORAK, JAN

URBANKK, Karel: DVORAK, Jan

Inte results of surgery in hallux valgus. Acta chir. orthop. traum. cech. 25 no.3:241-244 May 58.

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(HALIJK, surg.
technics in hallux valgus, late results (Cz))

FORMANEK, J.; DVORAK, J.

Subjective critical flicker fusion frequency of intermittent optic stimuli and photic driving response. Activ. nerv. sup. 6 no.1:65-66 164.

DVORAK, J.

A transistorized integrator of bio-electrical potentials with decimal divider of output frequency. Activ. nerv. sup. 5 no.4: 393-399 *63.

1. Vyzkumny ustav spoju, Praha.

DVORAK, Jan

Unconventional method of frequency division and pulse counting by using a core with rectangular hysteresis loop. Slaboproudy obzor 24 no.11:654-658 N*63.

1. Vyzkumny ustav spoju, Praha.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000411620017-9

L 20518-66 T JK
ACC NR. AP5021659 (A) SOURCE CODE: CZ/00 7/55/014/004/0229/0232

AUTHOR: Otcenasek, M.; Dvorak, J.; Prokopic, J.

ORG: Institute of Parasitology of the Gzechoslovak AS (Parazitologicky ustav CSAV, Prague)

TITIE: Isolation of Emmonsia crescens Et Jellison 1960 on the territory of the CSSR (The Czechoslovak Emmons Soviet Socialist Republic)

SOURCE: Ceskoslovenska epidemiologie, mikrobiologie, immologie, v. 14, no. 4, 1975, 229-232 and invert 4% facing page 225

TOPIC TAGS: parasite, animal parasite, animal microbiology, parasitology, parasitism

AESTRACT: The article reports on the successful isolation of Emmonsia crescens Emmons et Jellison 1960 and on the mycological characteristics of the first Czechoslovak isolates of this organism. The present study is a continuation of earlier studies in that it continues the investigation of the infected lungs of small mammals in an attempt to isolate the adiaspiromycosis agent. The mycological investigation was made of the lung tissue of 119 live, wild rodents and insectivores caught live around Novy Budzov and subsequently put to death after removal of the ectoparasites. The animals caught represented six (6) species. Three specimens of Microtus arvalis were isolated from the lung tissue investigated. Macroscopic spherules, the parasitic stage of the

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L 20518-66

ACC NR: AP5021559

organism, were observed only in one case. The investigators were successful in making a culture of this agent. This is the first recovery of Emmonsia crescens Emmons et Jellicon 19f0 in central Europe and is attributed to their understanding of the microbiology, ecology, and geography of this mycotic antigen. The morphophysiological characteristics of the isolated strains completely correspond to the initial descriptions of isolates of Emmonsia crescens. Orig. art.lms: 1 table.

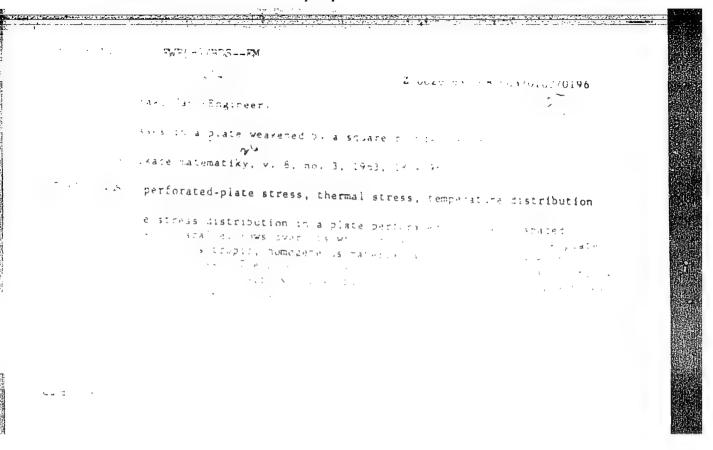
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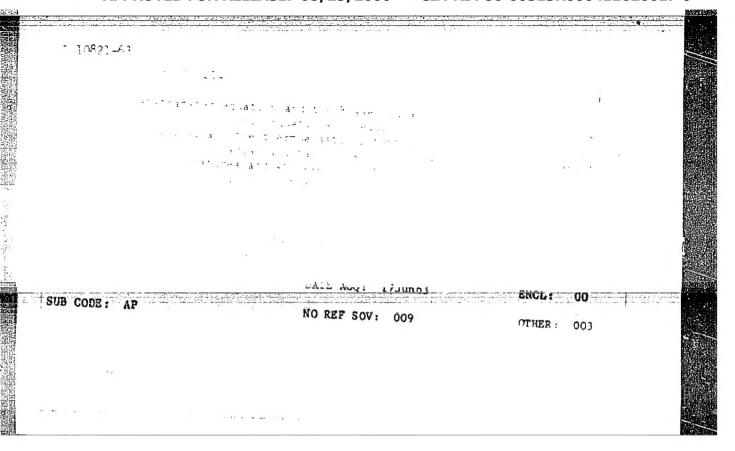
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85024 Z/038/60/000/005/001/004 A201/A026

Dvořák. Jan

TITLE:

AUTHOR:

Several Strength Problems of Nuclear Reactor Pressure Vessels 19

PERIODICAL: Jaderná energie, 1960, No. 5, pp. 146 - 149

TEXT: In nuclear reactor design a number of characteristic strength problems are encountered. The choice of dimensions of the reactor vessel depends not only on the basic stress due to the internal overpressure, but also on a number of additional factors, namely: (1) Additional bending stresses originating in the vessel wall due to a sudden change of radius or thickness. 2) Stresses originating in the vessel wall in the vicinity of supports. 3) Stress increases in the transition area between the cylindrical part and the lower head of the vessel. 4) Distribution of stresses in the vicinity of inlet and outlet pipe penetrations. 5) Thermal stresses due to non-uniform distribution of heat across the length and thickness of the vessel wall. 6) Thermal-stress increases due to changes in operating conditions. - In the upper- and lower-vessel heads additional stresses arise in the vicinity of ports of technological channels. It is, therefore, necessary to ensure not only a sufficient strength but also an ade-

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Several Strength Problems of Nuclear Reactor Pressure Vessels

quate rigidity of the heads. In the following the above-mentioned problems will be dealt with in detail. 1) Additional bending stresses originating in the wall due to a sudden change of its radius or thickness. In reactor designs it is necessary at times to introduce a sudden change of the centerline radius, e.g., in a recess for the core base-plate support, for rests of thermal shield, etc. The difference between both radii - e, the internal pressure - p, the vessel-wall thicknesses - h_1 and h_2 , and the centerline radius - r (Fig. 1a and 1b). Since the $\frac{e}{r}$ value is usually in the order of 10^{-2} , it is irrelevant which of the two centerline radii we choose. If the ends of the cylinder, or other sources of additional stresses, are at a distance from the recess larger than $2.45\sqrt{r \cdot h_{1,2}}$, then the axial component of additional stress is

 $d_{01} = \frac{3 p r e h_2^{\frac{2}{n}}}{h_1^2 (h_1^{\frac{2}{n}} + h_2^{\frac{2}{n}})}$ (1)

This relation can easily be deducted from the condition of equal angle of tilt of two coaxial, semi-infinite cylinders with wall thickness h1 and h2, respec-

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Several Strength Problems of Nuclear Reactor Pressure Vessels

tively, loaded around their circumferences by an evenly distributed moment $\frac{p\ r\ e}{2}$. The upper free end of the cylinder with a wall thickness h_1 is loaded by a moment $\frac{p\ r\ e}{2}-M$, the lower end only by the internal moment M. From the condition of equal tilt angles of the cylinder ends, loaded with an evenly distributed moment (Ref. 1, p. 205), we obtain the equation for the unknown moment M

 $\frac{1}{\beta_1 D_1} \left(\frac{p \ r \ e}{2} - M \right) = \frac{M}{\beta_2 D_2}$ where β is the damping coefficient

 $\beta_{1,2} = \sqrt{\frac{3(1-v^2)}{h_{1,2}^2r^2}}$

and $D_{1,2}$ the bending rigidity

 $D_{1,2} = \frac{Eh_{1,2}^3}{12(1-v^2)}$.

If the internal moment M is known, the axial component of additional stress $\sigma_{O1} = \frac{6 \text{ M}}{h_1^2}$. By substituting these relations in the previous deformation condi-

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